VA-105

Lineage

Established as Attack Squadron ONE HUNDRED FIVE (VA-105) on 1 May 1952.

Disestablished on 1 February 1959. The first squadron to be assigned the designation VA-105.

Squadron Insignia and Nickname



The squadron's insignia was approved by CNO on 2 March 1953. Colors for the winged canon and bomb insignia were: a black bomb superimposed on a yellow background with a red fuse on the bomb; the canon was red with black markings; and the wings were yellow with black markings.

The squadron's only insignia, approved March 1953.

Nickname: unknown.

Chronology of Significant Events

4 Mar 1958: The squadron's commanding officer, Commander E. F. Ternasky, was killed during a night ditching astern of *Essex* (CVA 9).

Jul-Aug 1958: The squadron flew close air support missions during the landing of U.S. Marines in Beirut, Lebanon. Aircraft from VA-105 were the first to be on station during the landings. Squadron aircraft flew road and border reconnaissance sorties. Several aircraft were damaged by ground fire on their reconnaissance missions. However, all aircraft returned to the *Essex* safely. Sep 1958: When the Chinese communists began shelling the Quemoy Island group in August, *Essex* was ordered to transit the Suez Canal and report to the Seventh Fleet for duty in the Taiwan Straits. The squadron flew numerous sorties in the Taiwan Straits until relieved on 26 September.

Nov 1958: When the squadron was assigned to Replacement Air Group 4, its mission was changed to training personnel in the AD-6 Skyraider for assignment to fleet operating squadrons.

Home Port Assignments

| Location | Assignment Date |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| NAAS Cecil Field* | 01 May 1952 |
| NAS Jacksonville | Jul 1955 |
| NAS Cecil Field | Apr 1956 |
| NAS Jacksonville | Nov 1958 |

* NAAS Cecil Field was redesignated NAS Cecil Field on 30 June 1952.

Commanding Officers

| | Date Assumed Command |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| CDR F. C. Auman | 01 May 1952 |
| LCDR R. S. Reeves | Aug 1953 |
| CDR Samuel W. Forrer | Oct 1954 |
| CDR Eugene F. Ternasky | Jun 1956 |
| CDR L. W. S. Cummins | 16 Mar 1958 |
| LCDR U. W. Patrick, Jr. | 08 Dec 1958 |

Aircraft Assignment

| Type of Aircraft | Date Type First Received |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| AD-1 | 09 May 1952 |
| AD-4 | 22 Sep 1952 |
| AD-4NA | Sep 1952 |
| AD-6 | Nov 1954 |



A squadron AD-4 Skyraider coming in for a landing during deployment aboard Tarawa (CVA 40) in 1953.

Major Overseas Deployments

| Date of Departure | Date of Return | Air Wing | Carrier | Type of Aircraft | Area of Operation |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 07 Jan 1953 | 03 Jul 1953 | CVG-10 | CVA 40 | AD-4/4NA | Med |
| 31 Oct 1955 | 16 Apr 1956 | ATG-201 | CVA 20 | AD-6 | WestPac |
| 02 Feb 1958 | 17 Nov 1958 | ATG-201 | CVA 9 | AD-6 | Med/WestPac |

Air Wing Assignments

| Air Wing | Tail Code | Assignment Date | Unit Award | Inclusive Dates | Covering Unit Award |
|----------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| CVG-10 | Р | 01 May 1952 | NAVE | 01 Jul 1953 | 30 Jun 1954 |
| ATG-201 | J/AP* | 1954 | | 01 Jul 1954 | 30 Jun 1955 |
| RCVG-4 | AD | 16 Nov 1958 | AFEM | 16 Jul 1958 | 01 Aug 1958 |
| | changed from J to AP in | | | 11 Aug 1958 | 20 Aug 1958 |

* The tail code was changed from J to AP in 195 for this change was most likely the beginning of FY 58 (1 July 1957).

Unit Awards Received

| Inclusive Dates C | Covering Unit Award |
|-------------------|---------------------|
|)1 Jul 1953 | 30 Jun 1954 |
|)1 Jul 1954 | 30 Jun 1955 |
| l6 Jul 1958 | 01 Aug 1958 |
| Aug 1958 | 20 Aug 1958 |
| | |

SECOND VA-106

Lineage

Established as Bomber-Fighter Squadron SEVEN-TEEN (VBF-17) on 2 January 1945.

Redesignated Fighter Squadron SIX B (VF-6B) on 15 November 1946.

Redesignated Fighter Squadron SIXTY TWO (VF-62) on 28 July 1948.

Redesignated Attack Squadron ONE HUNDRED SIX (VA-106) on 1 July 1955.

Disestablished on 7 November 1969. The second squadron to be assigned the VA-106 designation.

Squadron Insignia and Nickname

The squadron's first insignia was approved by CNO on 23 November 1945. Colors for the skeleton riding a



rocket were: a background with a deep purple sky, aquamarine water and white clouds outlined in pale blue; the skeleton had a deep purple sombrero, a white face with light green shading and deep purple sockets, magenta shirt with an orange neckerchief, the hands were white with light green markings, teal

The squadron's first insignia.

trousers with a light blue cuff, tan boots with a brown sole, dark purple stirrups, tan saddle with pommel and under-portions brown; light gray rocket outlined in purple with yellow and orange lines emanating from the tail, light gray pistol outlined in purple with yellow smoke, magenta bomb, and a brown belt and holster.



This insignia was adopted by the squadron in the early 1950s. Following the squadron's disestablishment a new strike fighter squadron adopted this insignia in the 1980s.

A new insignia was approved by CNO on 16 April 1952. Colors for the helmet and shield insignia were: a gold background outlined in dark blue; dark blue shield; the Roman helmet was gold with black markings; white arrow and stylized wing; and the scroll was gold with black lettering.

Nickname: unknown, 1945–1952.

Gladiators, 1952–1969.

Chronology of Significant Events

Jan 1945: The squadron was established only a month before it entered combat. Personnel from VF-17 were the core of the newly established Bomber Fighter Squadron 17.

16-17 Feb 1945: The squadron participated in strikes against targets in and around the Tokyo area.

20-22 Feb 1945: Squadron aircraft participated in strikes against Iwo Jima and provided air support for the landings on the island.

25 Feb 1945: Conducted strikes in the Tokyo area.

18-19 Mar 1945: Major strikes were conducted by squadron aircraft against Kanoya, the largest airfield on Kyushu and against the Japanese Fleet anchored at Kure Naval Base. On 19 March Lieutenant Edwin S. Conant was awarded the Silver Star for his action as flight leader on a fighter sweep over the Kure Bay. He shot down three planes during an engagement with the enemy and his flight group accounted for a total of 24 enemy planes downed and probably eight or more damaged.

21 Mar 1945: Lieutenant (jg) Henry E. Mitchell became an Ace when he shot down five Bettys (Japanese Navy Mitsubishi Attack Bombers) that were part of a sortie attacking the squadron's task force. He was later killed in action on 3 April 1945. For his action on 21 March he was awarded the Navy Cross posthumously.

Mar-May 1945: The squadron conducted strikes in support of the Okinawa campaign.

6 Apr 1945: Ensign Harold Yeremain became an Ace when he added three more aircraft to his total by downing two Zekes (Mitsubishi A6M Fighters, commonly known as Zeros) and one Val (an Aichi Navy Carrier Bomber) during an engagement near Okinawa. Ensigns John J. Gafeney and William J. Kostik were awarded Silver Stars for their actions in shooting down three Japanese aircraft each during this engagement.

7 Apr 1945: The unit participated in the combined task force strikes against the super battleship *Yamato* and its accompanying escorts, resulting in the sinking of *Yamato*, two cruisers and three destroyers.

7 Apr 1945: Lieutenant Byron A. Eberts became an Ace when he brought his total to five by shooting down a Francis (a Yokosuka Japanese Navy Night Fighter).

12 Apr 1945: Lieutenant Edwin S. Conant became an Ace when he shot down a Zeke (Zero) and a Tojo (a Japanese Army Nakajima Fighter) and brought his tally to six aircraft downed.

14 Apr 1945: Ensigns Robert A. Clarke and William

J. Kostik became Aces when they each shot down a Zeke (Zero).

16 Apr 1945: Lieutenant John M. Johnston became an Ace when he shot down four Zekes (Zeros), bringing his total to eight aircraft. For his action during this engagement he was awarded the Silver Star.

May 1945: The squadron participated in strikes against Kyushu and Shikoku, hitting aircraft plants and airfields.

14 May 1945: The squadron's commading officer, Lieutenant Commander H. W. Nicholson, was killed in action during a strike against Kyushu.

14 May 1945: Lieutenant (jg) Carl V. Stone became an Ace when he added two Franks (a Japanese Army Fighter) to his total of downed aircraft.

Aug 1956: Following the nationalization of the Suez Canal by Egypt on 26 July, *Coral Sea* (CVA 43) was ordered to the eastern Mediterranean as tensions increased and France and the United Kingdom began preparations for military action against Egypt.

Oct-Nov 1956: On 29 October Israel invaded Egypt and a day later France and the United Kingdom joined in the invasion, with the intent of reoccupying the Suez Canal. *Coral Sea* was on station in the eastern Mediterranean during the American evacuation of Western nationals from Egypt and Israel.

Jul 1959: During the NATO exercise Riptide, held off the east coast of the United States, the squadron conducted cross deck operations with the British carrier HMS *Victorious*.

15-28 Nov 1960: Following a request from Guatemala and Nicaragua, a Navy patrol was established off the coast of these Central American countries to prevent infiltration by communists from Cuba. The squadron operated from *Shangri-La* (CVA 38) as part of the patrol force.

2-19 Jun 1961: Following the assassination of the Dominican Republic's dictator, General Rafael Trujillo, the squadron operated from *Shangri-La* off the coast of that country until the domestic situation began to stabilize.

22 Oct-28 Nov 1962: During the Cuban Missile Crisis the squadron was assigned to the U.S. Air Force's 19th Tactical Air Force, in an alert status.

May 1963: The squadron operated from *Shangri-La* in the Caribbean during the period of unrest in Haiti and the civil strife with the Dominican Republic.

29 Jul 1967: After four days on the line at Yankee Station tragedy struck *Forrestal* (CVA 59). A Zuni rocket was accidentally ignited on the flight deck causing a chain reaction of explosions among the aircraft loaded with bombs and fuel. The squadron lost eight people out of the 132 killed, two missing and presumed dead and 62 injured. Those killed were Petty Officers H. Fontenot, W. W. Stewart, R. N. Plesh, J. A. Earick and Airman C. R. Rich, J. A. Velez, A. R. Metz and G. E. Wall. Numerous squadron personnel were cited for their acts of heroism during the tragedy.



A squadron F8F-2 Bearcat prepares for launch from Coral Sea (CVB 43) in September 1948 (Courtesy David Lucabaugh Collection).

Home Port Assignments

| Location | Assignment Date |
|------------------|-----------------|
| NAS Agana | 02 Jan 1945* |
| NAS Alameda | 08 Jul 1945 |
| NAAS Fallon | Sep 1945 |
| NAS Brunswick | Feb 1946 |
| NAS Norfolk | 1946† |
| NAAS Oceana | 25 Sep 1948 |
| NAS Norfolk | 22 Nov 1948 |
| NAAS Oceana | 20 Jan 1949 |
| NAAS Cecil Field | 18 Sep 1950‡ |
| NAS Jacksonville | 13 Oct 1952 |
| NAS Cecil Field | Dec 1954 |
| | |

* Temporary shore assignment while the squadron conducted training in preparation for combat deployment.

† The squadron was transferred from NAS Brunswick to NAS Norfolk sometime in July or August 1946.

[‡] The squadron's home port was changed to NAS Jacksonville on 5 September 1950 and the move from NAAS Oceana was conducted between 6 and 7 September. On 18 September, Commander Fleet Air Jacksonville changed the squadron'a home port to NAAS Cecil Field.



Two squadron F2H-2 Banshees fly over Lake Champlain (CVA 39) during their 1953 deployment to Korea.

Commanding Officers

| Date | Assumed Command |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| LCDR Hugh W. Nicholson | 11 Jan 1945 |
| LT Edwin S. Connant (acting) | 14 May 1945 |
| LCDR Edwin S. Connant | 20 Aug 1945 |
| CDR C. E. Houston | 01 Jul 1947 |
| LCDR Walter O. Zoecklein (acting) | 1948 |
| LCDR James E. Shew | 02 Jul 1948 |
| LCDR Hugh A. Kelly | 03 Jan 1950 |
| CDR Douglas A. Clark | 19 Oct 1951 |
| LCDR William W. Kelly | 25 Nov 1952 |
| CDR Lewis W. Jenkins | 27 Feb 1954 |
| CDR Hollis H. Hills | Jul 1955 |
| CDR O. L. Dauphin | Feb 1957 |
| CDR Newton P. Foss | 25 Apr 1958 |
| CDR S. O. Bach | 05 Dec 1959 |
| CDR L. W. Baldwin, Jr. | 22 Jul 1960 |
| CDR L. E. Irvin | 31 Jul 1961 |
| CDR W. S. Nelson | 25 Jul 1962 |
| CDR G. E. R. Kinnear II | Jul 1963 |
| CDR C. B. Crockett | 1 Aug 1964 |
| CDR James H. Scott | Jun 1965 |
| CDR S. R. Foley, Jr. | 24 Jun 1966 |
| CDR S. E. Latimer, Jr. | 07 Aug 1967 |
| CDR Walter L. Clarke, Jr. | 17 Nov 1967 |
| CDR J. H. Harns | 03 Mar 1969 |



Squadron CO, Commander H. H. Hills, inspecting an F2H-2, 1955.

Aircraft Assignment

| Type of Aircraft | Date Type First Received |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| F6F-5 | Jan 1945 |
| F4U | Sep 1945 |
| F4U-4 | Feb 1946 |
| F8F-2 | 30 Jun 1948 |
| F8F-1B | Feb 1950 |
| F2H-2 | 03 Aug 1950 |
| F9F-8B | Oct 1955 |
| A4D-2 | 04 Jun 1958 |
| A-4C | 18 Dec 1962 |
| A-4E | Nov 1966 |
| A-4B | Feb 1969 |
| A-4C | Mar 1969 |



Personnel discuss the refueling probe on a squadron F9F-8 Cougar, 1955.

| Date of | Date of | Air | | Type of | Area of |
|-------------|-------------|--------|---------|----------|-----------------|
| Departure | Return | Wing | Carrier | Aircraft | Operation |
| 10 Feb 1945 | 13 Jun 1945 | CVG-17 | CV 12 | F6F-5 | Pacific |
| 27 Oct 1949 | 23 Nov 1949 | CVG-6 | CVB 42 | F8F-2 | NorLant |
| 15 May 1951 | 04 Oct 1951 | CVG-4 | CV 34 | F2H-2 | Med |
| 19 Apr 1952 | 12 Oct 1952 | CVG-4 | CVB 43 | F2H-2 | Med |
| 26 Apr 1953 | 04 Dec 1953 | CVG-4 | CVA 39 | F2H-2 | Korea/West |
| | | | | | Pac/Med |
| 07 Jul 1954 | 20 Dec 1954 | CVG-10 | CVA 43 | F2H-2 | Med |
| 13 Aug 1956 | 11 Feb 1957 | CVG-10 | CVA 43 | F9F-8B | Med |
| 07 Aug 1959 | 26 Feb 1960 | CVG-10 | CVA 9 | A4D-2 | Med |
| 06 Sep 1960 | 20 Oct 1960 | CVG-10 | CVA 38 | A4D-2 | NorLant |
| 02 Feb 1961 | 15 May 1961 | CVG-10 | CVA 38 | A4D-2 | Med |
| 07 Feb 1962 | 28 Aug 1962 | CVG-10 | CVA 38 | A4D-2 | Med |
| 01 Oct 1963 | 23 May 1964 | CVW-10 | CVA 38 | A-4C | Med |
| 15 Feb 1965 | 20 Sep 1965 | CVW-10 | CVA 38 | A-4C | Med |
| 11 Mar 1966 | 26 Oct 1966 | CVW-3 | CVA 60 | A-4C | Med |
| 06 Jun 1967 | 15 Sep 1967 | CVW-17 | CVA 59 | A-4E | WestPac/Vietnam |
| 04 Jun 1968 | 08 Feb 1969 | CVW-10 | CVS 11 | A-4E | WestPac/Vietnam |
| 03 Sep 1969 | 09 Oct 1969 | CVW-7 | CVA 62 | A-4C | NorLant |

Major Overseas Deployments



Squadron A-4C Skybawks fly over Saratoga (CVA 60), 1966.

Air Wing Assignments

| Air Wing | Tail Code | Assignment Date |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|
| CVG-17/CVBG-17/ | С | 02 Jan 1945 |
| CVBG-5/CVG-6* | | |
| CVG-4 | F | Sep 1950 |
| CVG-10 | P/AK† | 1954 |
| CVG-1‡ | | 12 Oct 1961 |
| CVG-10/CVW-10§ | AK | 12 Nov 1961 |
| CVW-3 | AC | 01 Jan 1966 |
| CVW-17 | AA | 01 Feb 1967 |
| CVW-10 | AK | 10 Jan 1968 |
| CVW-7 | AG | 03 Mar 1969 |
| | | |

* CVG-17 was established on 1 January 1943, redesignated CVBG-17 on 22 January 1946, then redesignated CVBG-5 on 15 November 1946. CVBG-5 was then redesignated CVG-6 on 27 July 1948.

† The tail code was changed from P to AK in 1957. The effective date for this change was most likely the beginning of FY 58 (1 July 1957). ‡ The squadron was temporarily assigned to Air Group 1 for operation Blow Torch, simulated nuclear strikes against North American targets, and for nuclear operational suitability tests aboard *Franklin D. Roosevelt* (CVA 42).

§ CVG-10 was redesignated CVW-10 when Carrier Air Group (CVG) designations were redesignated Carrier Air Wings (CVW) on 20 December 1963.

Unit Awards Received

| Unit Award | Inclusive Da | tes Covering Unit Award |
|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| PUC | 16 Feb 1945 | 10 Jun 1945 |
| Campaign Medal WW-II Asiatic- | | |
| | D 1 10/5 | I 10/5 |
| Pacific Area | Feb 1945 | Jun 1945 |
| NAVE | 01 Jul 1949 | 30 Jun 1950 |
| | 01 Jul 1955 | 30 Jun 1956 |
| | 01 Jul 1959 | 30 Jun 1960 |
| | 01 Jul 1965 | 31 Dec 1966 |
| KPUC | 09 Jun 1953 | 27 Jul 1953 |
| KSM | 09 Jun 1953 | 27 Sep 1953 |
| VNSM | 15 Jul 1967 | 17 Jul 1967 |
| | 23 Jul 1967 | 31 Jul 1967 |
| | 12 Aug 1967 | 13 Aug 1967 |
| | 05 Sep 1968 | 27 Sep 1968 |
| | 14 Oct 1968 | 14 Nov 1968 |
| | 03 Dec 1968 | 27 Dec 1968 |
| NEM | 03 Jun 1961 | 11 Jun 1961 |
| | 14 Jun 1961 | 18 Jun 1961 |



Squadron officers and an A-4C on Saratoga (CVA 60) during its 1966 cruise to the Med. Standing left to right: Marine Capt. J. W. Orr, LCdr. C. C. Smith, LCdr. J. E. Potosnak, LCdr. P. E. Phillips, Lt. W. R. Needham, LCdr. J. L. Burton, Lt. (jg) J. B. Mattly, Lt. S. C. Cole, LCdr. K. A. McMillen and Lt. E. L. DeSha. Kneeling left to right: Lt. (MC) H. K. Leathers III, Lt. L. W. Scott, Ens. M. W. Davis, Cdr. J. H. Scott, Cdr. S. R. Foley, Jr., Lt. (jg) R. L. Mattingly, Lt. R. A. Pennington, Ens. J. E. Gause and WO1 G. E. Connolly.

VA-112

Lineage

Established as Bomber-Fighter Squadron ELEVEN (VBF-11) on 9 April 1945.

Redesignated Fighter Squadron TWELVE A (VF-12A) on 15 November 1946.

Redesignated Fighter Squadron ONE HUNDRED TWELVE (VF-112) on 15 July 1948.

Redesignated Attack Squadron ONE HUNDRED TWELVE (VA-112) on 15 February 1959.

Disestablished on 10 October 1969. The first squadron to be assigned the designation VA-112.

Squadron Insignia and Nickname

The squadron's first insignia was approved by CNO on 28 August 1945. Colors for the dragon and two



headed eagle were: a yellow background; black dragon; sky blue eagle with white heads and red tongues; other markings and outlines were black.

A new squadron insignia was approved by CNO on 9 November 1945. There is no color description of this insignia in the official files. This insignia continued to use the two-

The squadron's first insignia was the double-beaded eagle and dragon.

headed eagle. It replaced the dragon with a globe showing North and South America. Clouds surrounded the globe.

The CNO approved a new squadron insignia on 12 July 1948. Colors for the Custode Pacis Armis (Armed Keeper of the Peace) insignia were: a light blue background; the rocket and machine gun were black with white highlights; gold naval aviator wings outlined in black; upper half of the shield was purple and lower



The squadron's second insignia replaced the dragon with a globe of the world surrounded by clouds.

half was dark green; the motto on the shield had a white background with light blue lettering; the dove was white with a red eye and green wreath in its beak; gray helmet highlighted in black, with a red plum; black sword; the shield and items on the shield were outlined in black; and the banner below the shield was white.



The Custodes Pacis Armis in-signia became the squadron's third design.

This was the squadron's last insignia, a modification of the Custodes Pacis Armis design.

The squadron continued to use the Custode Paris Armis insignia following its redesignation to VA-112. However, the following color modifications were made: background was yellow outlined in black; upper half of shield was blue; lettering for the motto was red; the white banner was removed and a lower scroll was added with a yellow background and black lettering.

Nickname: Broncos, 1961-1969.

Chronology of Significant Events

25 Mar 1948: *Valley Forge* (CV 45) operated in the Persian Gulf with Saudi Arabian Prince Ibn Saud embarked to view air operations. However, the air display was cancelled because of a sand storm and hazy conditions.

29 Apr 1948: *Valley Forge* (CV 45) moored port side to Dokkeskjaerkaien Dock, Bergen, Norway. The mooring was conducted without the aid of tugs, using the engine power of the squadron's eight F8Fs spotted on the forward deck and eight other aircraft on the aft deck. The mooring operation was called "Operation Pinwheel."

5 Aug 1950: The squadron participated in its first combat operations, flying sorties against targets in the Mokpo-Kwangju area of South Korea.

12-19 Sep 1950: The squadron participated in the pre-assault strikes against targets in and around Inchon, Korea, in preparation for the landings there on 15 September. These strikes included road, rail, and airfield sweeps and Combat Air Patrol. During and after the invasion the squadron continued to fly daily air sweeps, striking at targets of opportunity and the enemy's lines of communications.

10 Nov 1950: The squadron's first encounter with MiG-15s occurred during a sortie over Sinuiju, Korea. One MiG-15 was damaged during the engagement.

23-24 June 1952: The squadron participated in coordinated strikes against North Korean hydroelectric power plants, the first heavy attack conducted against these installations. Nine different hydroelectric power plants were struck by forces from Carrier Air Groups 2, 7, 11, 19, and the 5th Air Force.

6-13 Feb 1955: The squadron was on station and available for air support during the evacuation of over 26,000 personnel from the Tachen Islands which had come under bombardment by the People's Republic of China in January 1955.

24 Apr 1967: Squadron aircraft participated in a multi-carrier coordinated strike against North Vietnam's MiG base, Kep Airfield, northeast of Hanoi. This was the first time a strike had been conducted against a North Vietnam MiG airfield.

10 May 1967: Commander M. L. Minnis, Sr., was awarded the Silver Star for action during a strike into North Vietnam against the thermal power plant at Haiphong.

Apr 1969: Following the shoot down of a Navy EC-121 aircraft by the North Koreans, *Ticonderoga* (CVA 14), along with two other attack carriers, was ordered to the Sea of Japan.



The squadron's snow-covered F8F-1 Bearcats, along with VF-11A's F8Fs, on the forward flight deck of Valley Forge (CV 45) during her visit to Bergen, Norway, in 1948.

Home Port Assignments

| Location | Assignment Date |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| NAS Alameda | 09 Apr 1945 |
| NAAS Fallon | 30 Apr 1945 |
| NAAS Santa Rosa | 31 Jul 1945 |
| NAS Kahului, Hawaii | 21 Feb 1946 |
| NAS San Diego | 25 Nov 1946 |
| NAAS Miramar/NAS Miramar* | 07 Apr 1951 |
| NAS Lemoore | 11 Sep 1961 |

* NAAS Miramar was redesignated NAS Miramar on 1 March 1952.

Commanding Officers

| | Date Assumed Command |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| LT Richard E. James (acting) | 09 Apr 1945 |
| LCDR Ralph W. Cousins | 17 Apr 1945 |
| LCDR George E. Savage | 09 Jun 1945 |
| LCDR Norman W. Ackley | 14 Oct 1945 |
| LCDR Melvin C. Hoffman | 31 Jan 1947 |
| CDR Joseph T. Lawler | 01 Jul 1948 |
| CDR R. Weymouth | 08 May 1950 |
| LCDR J. L. Butts, Jr. | 29 Aug 1950 |
| LCDR J. V. Rowney | 29 Jun 1951 |
| LCDR James Ferris | 11 Aug 1952 |
| LCDR R. W. Jackson (acting) | 01 Oct 1952 |
| LCDR C. E. Lair | 07 Oct 1952 |
| CDR George S. Morrison | Mar 1954 |
| CDR Marcel N. Piller | 01 Oct 1955 |
| LCDR M. M. Casey, Jr. | 12 Apr 1957 |
| LCDR J. J. Konzen (acting) | 04 Mar 1959 |
| CDR Clyde J. Lee | 31 Mar 1959 |
| CDR Hugh N. Batten | 18 Feb 1960 |
| CDR James T. Parady | 30 Mar 1961 |
| CDR J. F. Kirklighter | 25 Apr 1962 |
| CDR F. L. Leib | 09 Apr 1963 |
| CDR P. E. Russell | 08 May 1964 |
| CDR J. A. Chalbeck | 08 Jun 1965 |
| CDR J. H. Alvis | 08 Jul 1966 |
| CDR Marion L. Minnis | 31 Dec 1966 |
| CDR Charles H. Brown | 10 Nov 1967 |
| CDR Tommy L. Gatewood | 13 Sep 1968 |



A squadron F9F-2B Panther launches from the deck of Philippine Sea (CV 47) during ber combat cruise to Korea in 1951–1952.

Aircraft Assignment

| Type of Aircraft Date | Type First Received |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| F6F-3/5 | Apr 1945 |
| F8F-1 | 11 Dec 1946 |
| F8F-2 | 03 Jan 1949 |
| F9F-2 | 11 Jan 1950 |
| F9F-2B* | Jul 1950 |
| F9F-3 | 31 May 1951 |
| F9F-2B | 12 Jul 1951 |
| F9F-5 | Oct 1952 |
| F9F-6 | Feb 1954 |

Aircraft Assignment—Continued

| Type of Aircraft Date | Type First Received |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| F9F-8 | Jul 1955 |
| F9F-8B | Apr 1956 |
| F3H-2M | 05 Apr 1957 |
| A4D-1/2 | Apr 1959 |
| A4D-2N/A-4C† | 26 Mar 1961 |

* The squadron's F9F-2s were modified at NAS Barbers Point and equipped with rocket launchers and bomb racks and designated F9F-2Bs.

† The A4D-2N designation was changed to A-4C in 1962.



A squadron F9F-8B Cougar on the deck of Essex (CVA 9) following a successful landing during deployment to WestPac in 1956–1957.

| Major Overseas Deployments | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|---------|---------|----------|-----------------|--|
| Date of | Date of | Air | | Type of | Area of | |
| Departure | Return | Wing | Carrier | Aircraft | Operation | |
| 09 Oct 1947 | 11 Jun 1948 | CVAG-11 | CV 45* | F8F-1 | World Cruise | |
| 05 Jul 1950 | 07 Apr 1951 | CVG-11 | CV 47† | F9F-2B | WestPac/Korea | |
| 31 Dec 1951 | 08 Aug 1952 | CVG-11 | CV 47 | F9F-2B | WestPac/Korea | |
| 01 Jul 1953 | 18 Jan 1954 | CVG-11 | CVA 33 | F9F-5 | WestPac | |
| 07 Oct 1954 | 12 May 1955 | CVG-11 | CVA 33 | F9F-6 | WestPac | |
| 16 Jul 1956 | 26 Jan 1957 | CVG-11 | CVA 9 | F9F-8B | WestPac | |
| 04 Oct 1958 | 16 Feb 1959 | ATG-1 | CVA 14 | F3H-2M | WestPac | |
| 16 Jul 1960 | 18 Mar 1961 | CVG-11 | CVA 19 | A4D-2 | WestPac | |
| 13 Sep 1962 | 02 Apr 1963 | CVG-11 | CVA 63 | A-4C | WestPac | |
| 17 Oct 1963 | 20 Jul 1964 | CVW-11 | CVA 63 | A-4C | WestPac | |
| 24 Aug 1965 | 07 Apr 1966 | CVW-8 | CVA 59 | A-4C | Med | |
| 05 Nov 1966 | 19 Jun 1967 | CVW-11 | CVA 63 | A-4C | WestPac/Vietnam | |
| 18 Nov 1967 | 28 Jun 1968 | CVW-11 | CVA 63 | A-4C | WestPac/Vietnam | |
| 01 Feb 1969 | 18 Sep 1969 | CVW-16 | CVA 14 | A-4C | WestPac/Vietnam | |

Major Overseas Deployments

* During October through December the squadron operated primarily from NAS Barbers Point with ocassional exercises aboard *Valley Forge* (CV 45).

[†] While docked at Yokosuka, Japan, the squadron transferred from *Philippine Sea* (CV 47) to *Valley Forge* (CV 45) on 30 March 1951 for its return trip to the U.S. *Philippine Sea* continued its tour of duty in Korea with another air group.

Air Wing Assignments

| Air Wing | Tail Code | Assignment Date | redesignated |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------|
| CVG-11/CVAG-11/ | V†/NH‡ | 09 Apr 1945 | † The tail co |
| CVG-11* | | - | ‡ The tail co |
| COMFAIRSANDIEGO | | 03 Mar 1958 | date for this |
| ATG-1 | NA | 28 Jun 1958 | 1957). |
| CVG-5 | NF | 13 Mar 1959 | § CVG-11 w |
| CVG-11/CVW-11§ | NH | Nov 1959 | designation |
| CVW-8 | AJ | 08 Jul 1965 | December 1 |
| COMFAIRALAMEDA | | 08 Apr 1966 | ** VA-112 w |
| CVW-11 | NH | 1966** | November |
| CVW-16 | AH | 01 Oct 1968 | CVW-11 for |
| | | | |

* CVG-11 was redesignated CVAG-11 on 15 November 1946. It was redesignated CVG-11 on 1 September 1948.

† The tail code V was assigned to CVG-11 on 12 December 1946.

[‡] The tail code was changed from V to NH in 1957. The effective date for this change was most likely the beginning of FY 58 (1 July 1957).

§ CVG-11 was redesignated CVW-11 when Carrier Air Group (CVG) designations were redesignated Carrier Air Wings (CVW) on 20 December 1963.

** VA-112 was reassigned to CVW-11 sometime between June and November 1966. There are no records available for VA-112 and CVW-11 for this period.



A flight of squadron F3H-2M Demons, circa 1957–1958.

Unit Awards Received

Unit Awards Received—Continued

| Unit Award | Inclusive Dates | Covering Unit Award | Unit Award | Inclusive Dates | Covering Unit Award |
|------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| KPUC | 01 Aug 1950 | 16 Mar 1951 | MUC | 18 Feb 1969 | 07 Sep 1969 |
| | 20 Jan 1952 | 12 Jul 1952 | PUC | 23 Dec 1967 | 01 Jun 1968 |
| NUC | 04 Aug 1950 | 16 Mar 1951 | VNSM | 03 Dec 1966 | 03 Jan 1967 |
| AFEM | 20 Apr 1969 | 27 Apr 1969 | | 02 Mar 1967 | 28 Mar 1967 |
| | 29 Jun 1969 | | | 12 Apr 1967 | 28 Apr 1967 |
| | 07 Jul 1969 | 13 Jul 1969 | | 08 May 1967 | 23 May 1967 |
| | 24 Jul 1969 | 1 <i>J</i> Jul 1 <i>/</i> 0 <i>/</i> | | 04 Mar 1968 | 27 Mar 1968 |
| | · | | | 12 Apr 1968 | 01 May 1968 |
| | 04 Aug 1969 | - / | | 13 May 1968 | 01 Jun 1968 |
| | 16 Aug 1969 | 24 Aug 1969 | | 03 Mar 1969 | 20 Mar 1969 |
| | 30 Aug 1969 | | | 29 Mar 1969 | 16 Apr 1969 |
| | 03 Sep 1969 | | | 09 May 1969 | 04 Jun 1969 |
| | 13 Sep 1969 | 14 Sep 1969 | | 25 Jun 1969 | 01 Aug 1969 |



VA-114

Lineage

Established as Bombing Squadron ELEVEN (VB-11) on 10 October 1942.

Redesignated Attack Squadron ELEVEN A (VA-11A) on 15 November 1946.

Redesignated Attack Squadron ONE HUNDRED FOURTEEN (VA-114) on 15 July 1948.

Disestablished on 1 December 1949. The first squadron to be assigned the VA-114 designation.

Squadron Insignia and Nickname

The

Aeronautics



This was the only insignia approved

and used by the squadron.

September 1942. Colors for the Bellerophon-Pegasus insignia were: a black winged horse, rider, and bomb with white highlights; and a red shield and helmet plume. The Greek moto translated as First to Attack.

insignia was approved

by the Bureau of

Nickname: unknown.

squadron's

on

17

Chronology of Significant Events

Apr-Jul 1943: The squadron was landbased at Guadalcanal and participated in the Solomons Campaign. Flying patrol, search and strike missions against targets primarily in and around New Georgia.

10 Oct 1944: Squadron aircraft participated in the first strikes against Okinawa, opening the Leyte campaign.

12 Oct 1944: The squadron participated in the first strikes against Formosa.

25 Oct 1944: During the Battle for Leyte Gulf, the squadron participated in the engagement known as the Battle Off Samar. Launching from a range of 340 miles, which was beyond the normal combat radius for World War II carrier aircraft, 11 of the squadron's SB2Cs engaged the Japanese fleet after it broke off its engagement with the American escort carriers and destroyers guarding the landing force at Leyte. Hits were scored on a battleship and cruiser. A second strike by nine squadron aircraft later scored hits on two cruisers.

Nov 1944: Squadron aircraft struck targets on Luzon in continued support for the capture of Leyte.

Dec 1944: Targets were struck on Luzon in support of the landings on Mindoro.

18 Dec 1944: While operating east of the Philippines, the task force, of which the squadron was part, was overtaken by an unusually severe typhoon causing the loss of three destroyers and damage to several other ships, including four light carriers.

Jan 1945: In early January, the squadron struck ships and targets on Formosa in support of the landings in Lingayen Gulf, Luzon.

9-20 Jan 1945: The squadron participated in operations in the South China Sea, the first time an American Task Force had entered these waters since the beginning of the war. During these operations, squadron aircraft struck a large convoy of tankers; targets along the coast of Indochina reaching almost to Saigon; Formosa was hit again; and then strikes were flown against Hong Kong.

25 Mar 1948: *Valley Forge* (CV 45) operated in the Persian Gulf with Saudi Arabian Prince Ibn Saud embarked to view air operations. The air display was cancelled because of a sand storm and hazy air conditions.

29 Apr 1948: *Valley Forge* moored port side to Dokkeskjaerkaien Dock, Bergen, Norway. The mooring was conducted without the aid of tugs, using the engine power of the squadron's eight SB2C-5s spotted on the aft deck and eight other aircraft on the forward deck. The mooring operation was called "Operation Pinwheel."



A squadron SBD-3 Dauntless on the flight deck, circa late 1942 (Courtesy Robert Lawson Collection).

Home Port Assignments

| Location | Assignment Date |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| NAS San Diego | 10 Oct 1942 |
| NAS Barbers Point | 26 Nov 1942* |
| NAF Nandi (in the Fiji Islands) | Feb 1943* |
| NAF Guadalcanal | 26 Apr 1943 |
| NAS Alameda | Aug 1943 |
| NAS Hilo | 06 Apr 1944* |
| NAS Barbers Point | 19 Jun 1944* |
| NAS Alameda | Feb 1945 |
| NAAS Fallon | 30 Apr 1945* |
| NAAS Santa Rosa | 26 Jul 1945* |
| NAS Kahului, Hawaii | 21 Feb 1946 |
| NAS San Diego | 25 Nov 1946 |

* Temporary shore assignment while the squadron conducted training in preparation for combat deployment.

Commanding Officers

| | Date Assumed Command |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| LCDR Weldon L. Hamilton | 10 Oct 1942 |
| LCDR Raymond B. Jacoby | 30 Sep 1943 |
| LT Charles A. Skinner (acting) | 01 Nov 1943 |
| LCDR Lloyd A. Smith | 15 Nov 1943 |
| | |

Commanding Officers—Continued

| | Date Assumed Command |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| LT Eugene M. Yoder (acting) | 01 Nov 1944 |
| LCDR Edwin John Kroeger | 07 Nov 1944 |
| LTJG George G. Beckham (acting) |) 09 Apr 1945 |
| LT Eugene M. Yoder (acting) | 10 Apr 1945 |
| LCDR Ried W. Stone | 05 May 1945 |
| LCDR Raymond A. Boyd | 05 Jun 1947 |
| LCDR F. E. Miller (acting) | 16 Jun 1948 |
| CDR Adolf L. Siegener | 28 Jun 1948 |
| LCDR J. E. Savage | 30 Jun 1949 |
| LCDR E. T. Deacon | 01 Aug 1949 |
| | |

Aircraft Assignment

| Type of Aircraft | Date Type First Received |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| SBD-3 | Oct 1942 |
| SBD-4 | Feb 1943 |
| SBD-5 | Oct 1943 |
| SB2C-1C | 25 Nov 1943 |
| SB2C-4/4E | Apr 1945 |
| SB2C-5 | Jan 1946 |
| AD-1 | 31 Aug 1948 |
| AD-2 | 20 Dec 1948 |
| F8F-2 | Nov 1949 |
| | |



A squadron SB2C-5 flies over Gibraltar during its world cruise aboard Valley Forge (CV 45), 1948.

Major Overseas Deployments

| Date of Departure | Date of Return | Air Wing | Carrier | Type of Aircraft | Area of Operation |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Feb 1943 | Aug 1943 | CVG-11 | * | SBD-3/4 | SoPac |
| 29 Sep 1944 | 01 Feb 1945 | CVG-11 | CV 12† | SB2C-1C | Pacific |
| 09 Oct 1947 | 11 Jun 1948 | CVAG-11 | CV 45‡ | SB2C-5 | World Cruise |

* The squadron was landbased during operations in the South Pacific.

† The squadron transferred to Kasaan Bay (CVE 69) on 1 February 1945 at Ulithi for its return trip back to the States.

‡ During October through December 1947 the squadron operated from NAS Barbers Point with occasional exercises aboard *Valley Forge* (CV 45). The squadron departed NAS Barbers Point, embarked on *Valley Forge*, and continued on its world cruise, stopping at Australia, China, Singapore, Ceylon, Saudi Arabia, Gibralter, Norway, England, New York, and Panama Canal Zone.

Air Wing Assignments

| Air Wing | Tail Code | Assignment Date |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| CVG-11/CVAG-11/CVG-11† | V* | 10 Oct 1942 |

* The tail code V was assigned on 7 November 1946.

† CVG-11 was redesignated CVAG-11 on 15 November 1946. CVAG-11 was changed back to CVG-11 on 1 September 1948.

| Unit Awards Received | | | Unit Awards Received—Continued | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Unit Award | Inclusive Dates | Covering Unit Award | Unit Award | Inclusive Dates | Covering Unit Award |
| PUC | 10 Oct 1944 | 22 Nov 1944 | | 10 Oct 1944 | 29 Nov 1944 |
| | 14 Dec 1944 | 16 Dec 1944 | | 14 Dec 1944 | 16 Dec 1944 |
| | 03 Jan 1945 | 22 Jan 1945 | | 09 Jan 1945 | |
| Campaign Me | dal | | | 12 Jan 1945 | |
| (Asiatic-Pacific | c) 08 Feb 1943 | 20 Jun 1943 | | 16 Jan 1945 | |



A squadron AD-2 Skyraider loaded with weapons on the deck of Valley Forge (CV 45), circa 1949 (Courtesy Robert Lawson Collection).

VA-115

Lineage

Established as Torpedo Squadron ELEVEN (VT-11) on 10 October 1942.

Redesignated Attack Squadron TWELVE A (VA-12A) on 15 November 1946.

Redesignated Attack Squadron ONE HUNDRED FIF-TEEN (VA-115) on 15 July 1948. The first squadron to be assigned the VA-115 designation.

Squadron Insignia and Nickname

The squadron's first insignia was approved by CNO on 25 June 1945. Colors for this Walt Disney designed



The squadron's first insignia was designed by Walt Disney Studio.

cherub was wearing a deep green helmet and cream colored goggles with a black strap and black outlines.



A new stylized globe and wing insignia was approved for use by the squadron in 1956 and bas become a well-known design.

insignia were: a grayish blue background outlined in black with a wide outer red ring; deep green ocean; black torpedo with a white skull face and white markings and gray streaks with black outlines and markings; the winged cherub was flesh color with white wings and eyes, black pupils and mouth, and a deep pink tongue; the

squadron А new insignia was approved bv CNO on 17 September 1956. Colors for the globe and abstract wing design are: a black background; white globe with black lines; white stylized clock hands; gold stars and abstract wing design; gold scroll

outlined in black with black lettering.

Nickname: Arabs, 1950s–1979.

Eagles, 1979-present.*

Chronology of Significant Events

1 Jan-1 Feb 1943: A detachment of 6 aircraft from the squadron were sent to Kanton Island, in the Phoenix Islands, for antisubmarine defense and search missions.



The squadron's C.O., LCdr. F. L. Ashworth, in his TBF-1 Avenger on Guadalcanal in May 1943.

Apr-Jul 1943: The squadron was landbased at Guadalcanal and participated in the Solomons (New Georgia) Campaign. They flew patrol, search, spotting, strike, and night minelaying missions against targets in the Solomon Islands.

5 May 1944: Squadron aircraft were involved in an antisubmarine attack off the coast of Hilo, Hawaii. The attack against the enemy submarine was assessed as probable by the squadron commander.

10 Oct 1944: The squadron participated in the first strikes against Okinawa, part of the opening of the Leyte Campaign.

25 Oct 1944: The Japanese Fleet, in three elements, converged on Leyte to oppose the landings. While 340 miles from Leyte, which was beyond the normal combat radius for World War II carrier aircraft, squadron aircraft were launched for a strike on the central element of the Japanese Fleet. Its TBMs arrived over the enemy fleet after it had broken off its engagement, the Battle Off Samar, with the American escort carriers and destroyers guarding the landing and supply ships. The TBMs struck the retiring Japanese Central Fleet, scoring hits on a battleship and two cruisers. All the squadron's aircraft returned, completing a 600 mile round trip combat flight. For their actions during this engagement, the following squadron personnel were awarded the Navy Cross: Lieutenants Wilbur J. Engman, Melvin L. Tegge, and Thomas B. Adams and Lieutenant (jg)s Richard W. Russell, Lawrence E. Helmuth, John M. Davis and William Maier.

26 Oct 1944: Strikes continued against the Japanese Fleet and Lieutenant Leroy H. Grau was awarded the Navy Cross for a successful torpedo attack against a Japanese light cruiser.

^{*} During the squadron's deployment to the Indian Ocean in 1989, they temporarily changed their nickname back to Arabs to enhance the esprit de corps while operating in the Arabian Sea.

Nov 1944: The squadron continued to provide support for the Occupation of Leyte, striking targets on Luzon.

13 Nov 1944: The squadron's commanding officer, Lieutenant Commander R. Denniston, Jr., was lost on a combat mission over Manila Harbor.

Dec 1944: Squadron aircraft struck targets on Luzon in support of the landings on Mindoro.

18 Dec 1944: While operating east of the Philippines the task force was overtaken by an unusually severe typhoon causing the loss of three destroyers and damage to several other ships, including four light carriers.

Jan 1945: In early January, the squadron struck ships and targets on Formosa and Luzon in support of the landings in Lingayen Gulf, Luzon.

9-20 Jan 1945: The squadron participated in operations in the South China Sea, the first time an American Task Force had entered these waters since the beginning of the war. The squadron struck targets at Cam Ranh Bay and a convoy off Qui Nhon, French Indo-China; shipping at the Pescadores Island; and Hong Kong.

12-18 Sep 1950: The squadron participated in the pre-assault strikes against targets in and around Inchon, Korea, in preparation for the landings there on 15 September. During and after the invasion, the squadron continued to fly deep support missions into the areas surrounding Inchon, striking at targets of opportunity.

9 Nov 1950: The squadron's first encounter with MiG-15s was during a mission against Sinuiju, Korea. All the aircraft returned safely to *Philippine Sea*.

Dec 1950: The squadron provided close air support for American troops in the Chosen Reservoir area.

Feb-Jul 1952: The squadron's combat missions in Korea during this time period centered on rail interdiction, with some strikes against North Korean transportation, communication, industrial and supply facilities.

23-24 Jun 1952: The squadron participated in coordinated strikes against North Korean hydroelectric power plants, these were the first heavy attacks conducted against these installations. Nine different hydroelectric power plants were struck by forces from Carrier Air Groups 2, 7, 11, 19, and the 5th Air Force.

Feb 1955: The squadron flew air cover missions during the evacuation of over 26,000 personnel from Tachen Islands which had come under bombardment by the People's Republic of China in January.

Aug-Sep 1958: The squadron was part of the task force that provided support to the Republic of China during the shelling of the Quemoy Island group by the Chinese Communists.

May-Jun 1964: During the Laotian crisis, the squadron flew Combat Air Patrol and Search and Rescue sorties over the country.

Aug 1967-Jan 1970: During this period the squadron was in an inactive stand-down status. There were no aircraft and only a few administrative personnel assigned. The inactive status was a transitional period, awaiting the time when the squadron would assume an active status and receive the A-6 Intruder. This is the only known instance in which a squadron was not disestablished but remained on the active squadron inventory in an inactive status. The squadron resumed an active status on 1 January 1970.

May-Oct 1972: The squadron participated in Linebacker I operations, heavy air strikes against targets in North Vietnam to interdict the flow of supplies.

Apr-May 1975: The squadron participated in Operation Frequent Wind, the evacuation of American personnel from Saigon, South Vietnam, as the country fell to the communists.

Aug-Sep 1976: The squadron operated near the Korean Peninsula following the murder of U.S. military personnel in the Korean DMZ by North Koreans.

Apr-May 1979: *Midway*, with VA-115 embarked, deployed to the Gulf of Aden to relieve *Constellation* (CV 64) and maintain a U.S. carrier presence following the outbreak of fighting between North and South Yemen and the fall of the Shah of Iran.

Oct 1979: As a response to anti-American demonstrations in Iran, *Midway* and its air wing, including VA-115, were ordered to deploy to the Indian Ocean for the second time in 1979.

Nov-Dec 1979: In response to the seizure of the American Embassy and its staff by an Iranian mob, *Midway* returned to the Arabian Sea.

May-Jun 1980: Following the massacre of several hundred people in the city of Kwangju, South Korea, the squadron operated from *Midway* off the coast of South Korea until the crisis subsided.

Dec 1981: Following unrest in South Korea the squadron operated from *Midway* off the coast of South Korea for several days.

29 Feb 1988: During an exercise in the Gulf of Siam, a squadron aircraft spotted a boatload of Vietnamese refugees, leading to their rescue by *Midway* (CV 41).

Sep 1988: During the Summer Olympics in Seoul, South Korea, the squadron was embarked on *Midway* and operating in the Sea of Japan to demonstrate U.S. support for a peaceful olympics.

Nov 1990-Jan 1991: The squadron flew missions in support of Operation Desert Shield, the build-up of American and Allied forces to counter a threatened invasion of Saudi Arabia by Iraq and were part of an economic blockade of Iraq to force its withdrawal from Kuwait.

20 Jan-9 Mar 1991: The squadron participated in Operation Desert Storm, striking Iraqi naval targets and bases, airfields and bridges, a communication center, and providing close air support for Allied ground forces.



A squadron TBF-1 Avenger on Guadalcanal with Lt. (jg) George Gay, LCdr W. L. Hamilton and LCdr F. L. Ashworth, May 1943.

Home Port Assignments

Location Assignment Date 10 Oct 1942 NAS San Diego NAS Pearl Harbor 01 Nov 1942* NAS Barbers Point 07 Nov 1942* 28 Feb 1943* NAF Nandi (in the Fiji Islands) NAF Guadalcanal (Henderson Field) 17 Apr 1943 NAS Alameda 19 Aug 1943 NAS Hilo 08 Apr 1944* NAS Barbers Point 19 Jun 1944* NAS Alameda 24 Feb 1945 NAAS Fallon 30 Apr 1945* NAAS Santa Rosa 26 Jul 1945 NAS Kahalui 22 Feb 1946 NAS San Diego 26 Nov 1946 NAS Miramar 15 Sep 1952 NAS Moffett Field 08 Dec 1961[†] 03 Apr 1963 NAS Lemoore 01 Jan 1970 NAS Whidbey Island NS Yokosuka (NAF Atsugi & Misawa) 05 Oct 1973‡

* Temporary shore assignment while the squadron conducted training in preparation for combat deployment.

[†] On 30 June 1961 the squadron's home port was changed to NAS Moffett Field. However, the squadron did not arrive there until 8 December 1961.

[‡] VA-115, along with CVW-5 and *Midway* (CVA 41), were part of a program to permanently assign a carrier and air wing to an overseas home port. *Midway's* new home port was Naval Station Yokosuka, Japan, and the squadron would normally operate out of NAF Atsugi or Misawa when the carrier was in NS Yokosuka. The assignment was effective 30 June 1973. However, the squadron did not arrive until 5 October 1973.

Commanding Officers

| | Date Assumed Command |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| LCDR Frederick L. Ashworth | 10 Oct 1942 |
| LCDR Radcliffe Denniston, Jr. | 25 Sep 1943 |
| LT Wilbur J. Engman (acting) | 13 Nov 1944 |
| LCDR John A. Fidel | 25 Dec 1944 |
| LT John W. Carmody | 12 Sep 1946 |
| LCDR George B. Riley | 14 Oct 1946 |
| LCDR Lawrence B. Green | 09 Jan 1948 |
| LCDR William H. House | 14 Oct 1948 |
| LCDR Richard W. Fleck | 16 Jan 1950 |
| CDR Charles H. Carr | 30 Jun 1951 |
| LCDR J. H. Sands (acting) | 08 Jul 1952 |
| LCDR J. M. Ritzdorf (acting) | 17 Sep 1952 |
| CDR J. D. Taylor | 18 Oct 1952 |
| CDR C. L. Dillard | Jun 1954 |
| CDR C. W. Smith, Jr. | May 1955 |
| CDR Leone E. Kirk, Jr. | Mar 1957 |
| LCDR R. L. Bothwell | 04 Jun 1958 |
| CDR G. W. Gaiennie | 09 Oct 1959 |
| CDR J. F. Driscoll | 27 Feb 1961 |
| CDR C. H. Bowen | 15 Jan 1962 |
| CDR George A. Parker | 03 Jan 1963 |
| CDR Merrill C. Pinkepank | 21 Jan 1964 |
| CDR M. C. Cook (acting) | 05 Aug 1964 |
| CDR D. D. Smith | Oct 1964 |
| CDR M. C. Cook | 22 Jul 1965 |
| CDR H. G. Bailey | 15 Jul 1966 |
| CDR C. E. Hathaway | Aug 1967* |
| CDR O. E. Krueger | Jul 1968* |
| CDR R. H. Caldwell | Jul 1969* |

Commanding Officers—Continued

| | Date Assumed Command |
|--------------------------|----------------------|
| CDR C. J. Ward | 16 Jan 1970 |
| CDR E. I. Carmichael | 09 Jul 1971 |
| CDR Paul D. Barrish | 11 Jul 1972 |
| CDR J. C. Presley | 06 Jul 1973 |
| CDR James J. Hower | 12 Jun 1974 |
| CDR Russell E. Whipps | 22 Dec 1975 |
| CDR Jay T. Grafton | 28 Jan 1977 |
| CDR Louis E. Thomassy | 24 Feb 1978 |
| CDR Rodney C. Franz | 26 Jun 1979 |
| CDR Joseph D. Favaro | 01 Nov 1980 |
| CDR Robert R. Wittenburg | 21 Apr 1981 |
| CDR William W. Radican | 16 Jul 1982 |
| CDR William A. Gouslin | 27 Dec 1983 |
| CDR Richard J. Rhoades | 20 Jun 1985 |
| CDR Paul D. Cash | 19 Dec 1986 |
| CDR David P. Polatty III | 10 Jun 1988 |
| CDR Terry J. Toms | Nov 1989 |
| CDR James D. Kelly | 01 Jul 1991 |

* During the squadron's inactive period between August 1967 and January 1970 the squadron was under the administrative control of VA-125. The Commanding Officer of VA-125 was also the Commanding Officer of VA-115.



A photo of Manila harbor following an attack by squadron TBMs in November 1944.

Aircraft Assignment

| Type of Aircraft | Date Type First Received |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| TBF-1 | Oct 1942 |
| TBM-1 | 13 Oct 1943 |
| TBM-1C | Nov 1943 |
| TBM-3 | 19 Dec 1944 |
| TBM-3E | Apr 1945 |
| TBM-3Q | Jan 1947 |
| TBM-3W | Oct 1947 |
| AD-1 | Dec 1948 |
| AD-2 | 20 Dec 1948 |
| AD-3Q | Aug 1949 |
| AD-4 | Dec 1949 |
| AD-4Q | Jul 1950 |
| AD-4L | May 1951 |
| AD-4NA | Aug 1952 |
| AD-6/A-1H* | Jan 1954 |
| AD-7/A-1J* | Nov 1958 |
| A-6A | 03 Apr 1970 |
| KA-6D | Feb 1971 |
| A-6B | Oct 1973 |
| A-6E | Apr 1977 |

 \ast The AD-6 and AD-7 designations were changed to A-1H and A-1J in 1962.



Squadron TBM-3s on the deck of Valley Forge (CV 45) depart Portsmouth, England, during its world cruise in 1947–1948.

Major Overseas Deployments

| Date of Departure | Date of Return | Air Wing | Carrier | <i>Type of</i> <i>Aircraft</i> | Area of Operation |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Feb 1943 | Jul 1943 | CVG-11 | * | TBF-1 | SoPac |
| 29 Sep 1944 | 01 Feb 1945 | CVG-11 | CV 12† | TBM-1C/3 | Pacific |
| 09 Oct 1947 | 11 Jun 1948 | CVAG-11 | CV 45‡ | TBM-3E/Q/W | World Cruise |
| 05 Jul 1950 | 07 Apr 1951 | CVG-11 | CV 47§ | AD-4/4Q | WestPac/Korea |
| 31 Dec 1951 | 08 Aug 1952 | CVG-11 | CV 47 | AD-4/4L | WestPac/Korea |
| 01 Jul 1953 | 18 Jan 1954 | CVG-11 | CVA 33 | AD-4NA/4B | WestPac |
| 07 Oct 1954 | 12 May 1955 | CVG-11 | CVA 33 | AD-6 | WestPac |

Major Overseas Deployments—Continued

| Date of | Date of | Air | | Type of | Area of |
|-------------|-------------|--------|---------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Departure | Return | Wing | Carrier | Aircraft | Operation |
| 16 Jul 1956 | 26 Jan 1957 | CVG-11 | CVA 9 | AD-6 | WestPac |
| 08 Mar 1958 | 22 Nov 1958 | CVG-11 | CVA 38 | AD-6 | WestPac |
| 09 Mar 1959 | 03 Oct 1959 | CVG-11 | CVA 38 | AD-7 | WestPac |
| 16 Jul 1960 | 18 Mar 1961 | CVG-11 | CVA 19 | AD-7 | WestPac |
| 11 Aug 1961 | 01 Nov 1961 | CVG-11 | CVA 63 | AD-6 | ++ |
| 13 Sep 1962 | 02 Apr 1963 | CVG-11 | CVA 63 | A-1H/J | WestPac |
| 17 Oct 1963 | 20 Jul 1964 | CVW-11 | CVA 63 | A-1H/J | WestPac |
| 19 Oct 1965 | 13 Jun 1966 | CVW-11 | CVA 63 | A-1H/J | WestPac/Vietnam |
| 05 Jan 1967 | 22 Jul 1967 | CVW-5 | CVA 19 | A-1H | WestPac/Vietnam |
| 16 Apr 1971 | 06 Nov 1971 | CVW-5 | CVA 41 | A-6A/KA-6D | WestPac/Vietnam |
| 10 Apr 1972 | 03 Mar 1973 | CVW-5 | CVA 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac/Vietnam |
| 11 Sep 1973 | 05 Oct 1973 | CVW-5 | CVA 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac** |
| 26 Nov 1973 | 22 Dec 1973 | CVW-5 | CVA 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 29 Jan 1974 | 06 Mar 1974 | CVW-5 | CVA 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 18 Oct 1974 | 20 Dec 1974 | CVW-5 | CVA 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 13 Jan 1975 | 18 Feb 1975 | CVW-5 | CVA 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 31 Mar 1975 | 29 May 1975 | CVW-5 | CVA 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 04 Oct 1975 | 19 Dec 1975 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac/IO |
| 13 Mar 1976 | 26 Apr 1976 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 19 May 1976 | 22 Jun 1976 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 09 Jul 1976 | 04 Aug 1976 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 01 Nov 1976 | 17 Dec 1976 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 11 Jan 1977 | 01 Mar 1977 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 19 Apr 1977 | 05 May 1977 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6A/B & KA-6D | WestPac ⁺⁺ |
| 08 Aug 1977 | 02 Sep 1977 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 27 Sep 1977 | 21 Dec 1977 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac/IO |
| 11 Apr 1978 | 23 May 1978 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 09 Nov 1978 | 23 Dec 1978 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 11 Jan 1979 | 20 Feb 1979 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 07 Apr 1979 | 18 Jun 1979 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | IO |
| 20 Aug 1979 | 14 Sep 1979 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 30 Sep 1979 | 20 Feb 1980 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | IO |
| 14 Jul 1980 | 26 Nov 1980 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac/IO |
| 23 Feb 1981 | 05 Jun 1981 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac/IO |
| 26 Jun 1981 | 16 Jul 1981 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 03 Sep 1981 | 06 Oct 1981 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 26 Apr 1982 | 18 Jun 1982 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 14 Sep 1982 | 11 Dec 1982 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | NorPac/WestPac |
| 02 Jun 1983 | 13 Aug 1983 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 25 Oct 1983 | 11 Dec 1983 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 28 Dec 1983 | 23 May 1984 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | IO |
| 15 Oct 1984 | 12 Dec 1984 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 01 Feb 1985 | 28 Mar 1985 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 10 Jun 1985 | 4 Oct 1985 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | IO/WestPac |
| 15 Nov 1985 | 12 Dec 1985 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 17 Jan 1986 | 30 Mar 1986 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 09 Jan 1987 | 20 Mar 1987 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 23 Apr 1987 | 13 Jul 1987 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6/E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 15 Oct 1987 | 12 Apr 1988 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac/IO |
| 18 Oct 1988 | 09 Nov 1988 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 21 Jan 1989 | 24 Feb 1989 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 27 Feb 1989 | 09 Apr 1989 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 31 May 1989 | 25 Jul 1989 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| | | | | | |

| | | wajor oversea | is Depioyments— | Continued | |
|-------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| Date of | Date of | Air | | Type of | Area of |
| Departure | Return | Wing | Carrier | Aircraft | Operation |
| 15 Aug 1989 | 11 Dec 1989 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac/IO |
| 20 Feb 1990 | 06 Apr 1990 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac |
| 02 Oct 1990 | 17 Apr 1991 | CVW-5 | CV 41 | A-6E & KA-6D | WestPac/IO/ |
| | | | | | Persian Gulf |

Major Overseas Deployments—Continued

* The squadron was landbased during its operations in the South Pacific.

† The squadron transferred to Kasaan Bay (CVE 69) on 1 February 1945 at Ulithi for transport back to Hawaii, it then boarded Curtiss (AV 4) for transporation to the States.

‡ During October through December 1947 the squadron operated from NAS Barbers Point with occasional exercises aboard Valley Forge (CV 45). In January 1948 the squadron departed NAS Barbers Point, embarked in Valley Forge, continuing its world cruise.

§ While docked at Yokosuka, Japan, the squadron transferred from Philippine Sea (CV 47) to Valley Forge (CV 45) on 29 March 1951 for its return trip to the U.S. Philippine Sea continued its tour of duty in Korea with another air group.

++ The squadron operated from Kitty Hawk (CVA 63) during its home port change from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The transit to the Pacific, via Cape Horn, was part of a training cruise that included operations in the Caribbean, South Atlantic and eastern Pacific.

** The squadron and Midway (CVA 41) arrived at their new home port, Naval Station Yokosuka, Japan. Since the squadron is permanently forward deployed all future deployments for the squadron will cover only those operations outside the home waters of Japan.

The squadron exchanged its A-6A and B model Intruders for A-6Es while Midway was in port at NS Subic Bay. Transitional training in the A-6E was conducted from NAF Atsugi during May to August 1977.



Squadron AD-4 Skyraiders prepare to launch a strike from Philippine Sea (CV 47) during their first combat deployment to Korea, circa September 1950.

Air Wing Tail Code Assignment Date CVG-11/CVAG-11/ V/NH* 10 Oct 1942 CVG-11/CVW-11† CVW-5 NF 16 Jul 1966 VA-125‡ Aug 1967 CVW-16 AH 1970 CVW-5 NF 1971

* The tail code V was assigned to CVG-11 on 7 November 1946. The tail code was changed from V to NH in 1957. The effective date for this change was most likely the beginning of FY 58 (1 July 1957).

† CVG-11 was redesignated CVAG-11 on 15 November 1946. The CVAG-11 designation was changed back to CVG-11 on 1 September 1948. CVG-11 was redesignated CVW-11 when Carrier Air Group (CVG) designations were redesignated Carrier Air Wings (CVW) on 20 December 1963.

 \ddagger Administratively assigned to VA-125 during the squadron's standdown.

Unit Awards Received

| Unit Award | Inclusive Dates | Covering Unit Award |
|------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| PUC | 10 Oct 1944 | 22 Nov 1944 |
| | 14 Dec 1944 | 16 Dec 1944 |
| | 03 Jan 1945 | 22 Jan 1945 |
| | 30 Apr 1972 | 09 Feb 1973 |

A flight of squadron A-1H Skyraiders, circa 1964.

Unit Awards Received—Continued

| Unit Award | Inclusive Da | tes Covering Unit Award |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Campaign Medal | | |
| (Asiatic-Pacific) | 08 Feb 1943 | 20 Jun 1943 |
| | 10 Oct 1944 | 29 Nov 1944 |
| | 14 Dec 1944 | |
| | 09 Jan 1945 | |



A flight of two squadron A-6E Intruders loaded with cluster bombs, 1991.

Air Wing Assignments

Unit Awards Received—Continued

Unit Awards Received—Continued

| Unit Award | Inclusive Dates | Covering Unit Award | Unit Award | Inclusive Dates | Covering Unit Award |
|------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | 12 Jan 1945 | | | 21 Nov 1979 | 07 Feb 1980 |
| | 16 Jan 1945 | | | 19 Aug 1980 | 13 Nov 1980 |
| KPUC | 01 Aug 1950 | 16 Mar 1951 | | 12 Mar 1981 | 19 May 1981 |
| | 20 Jan 1952 | 12 Jul 1952 | RVNGC | 30 Mar 1972 | 15 Jul 1972 |
| NUC | 04 Aug 1950 | 16 Mar 1951 | VNSM | 25 Nov 1965 | 23 Dec 1965 |
| | 26 Nov 1965 | 14 May 1966 | | 15 Jan 1966 | 04 Feb 1966 |
| | 29 Apr 1975 | 30 Apr 1975 | | 18 Feb 1966 | 14 Mar 1966 |
| | 01 Jan 1978 | 30 Jun 1979 | | 01 Apr 1966 | 29 Apr 1966 |
| | 17 Jan 1991 | 07 Feb 1991 | | 08 May 1966 | 23 May 1966 |
| SASM | 02 Nov 1990 | 14 Mar 1991 | | 05 Feb 1967 | 25 Feb 1967 |
| KLM | 17 Jan 1991 | 28 Feb 1991 | | 15 Mar 1967 | 12 Apr 1967 |
| NAVE | 01 Jul 1959 | 30 Jun 1960 | | 28 Apr 1967 | 04 Jun 1967 |
| | 01 Jul 1961 | Oct 1962 | | 12 Jun 1967 | 27 Jun 1967 |
| | Nov 1962 | Feb 1964 | | 17 May 1971 | 09 Jun 1971 |
| | 01 Jul 1977 | 31 Dec 1978 | | 29 Jun 1971 | 20 Jul 1971 |
| | 01 Jan 1978 | 30 Jun 1980 | | 31 Jul 1971 | 17 Aug 1971 |
| AFEM | 20 May 1964 | 10 Jun 1964 | | 26 Sep 1971 | 11 Oct 1971 |
| | 17 Oct 1971 | 19 Oct 1971 | | 01 May 1972 | 01 Jun 1972 |
| | 29 Apr 1975 | 30 Apr 1975 | | 11 Jun 1972 | 07 Jul 1972 |
| HSM | 29 Apr 1975 | 30 Apr 1975 | | 16 Jul 1972 | 13 Aug 1972 |
| MUC | 20 Jan 1967 | 14 Jul 1967 | | 23 Aug 1972 | 10 Sep 1972 |
| | 07 May 1971 | 28 Oct 1971 | | 19 Sep 1972 | 12 Oct 1972 |
| | 13 Nov 1979 | 08 Feb 1980 | | 23 Oct 1972 | 23 Nov 1972 |
| | 27 Jul 1982 | 01 May 1984 | | 03 Dec 1972 | 22 Dec 1972 |
| | 15 Oct 1989 | 29 Oct 1989 | | 31 Dec 1972 | |
| NEM | 15 Apr 1979 | 06 Jun 1979 | | 04 Jan 1973 | 24 Jan 1973 |
| 1 11/11 | 1) ripi 1)// | 00 juii 1/// | | 03 Feb 1973 | 09 Feb 1973 |

VA-122

Lineage

Established as Composite Squadron THIRTY FIVE (VC-35) on 25 May 1950.

Redesignated Attack Squadron (All Weather) THIRTY FIVE (VA(AW)-35) on 1 July 1956.

Redesignated Attack Squadron ONE TWENTY TWO (VA-122) on 29 June 1959.

Disestablished on 31 May 1991. The first squadron to be assigned the VA-122 designation.

Squadron Insignia and Nickname

The squadron's first insignia was approved by CNO on 13 September 1951. Colors for the owl insignia



The owl design was the squadron's first approved insignia.

lined in black; a white wreath; the book had black pages, edged in white with a red cover; brown eagle with black highlights, its head was white with black highlights and a yellow beak and claws; a white bomb outlined in black with three red bands; and the scroll's lettering was white.

Nickname: Flying Eagles, 1971–1991.



were: a red background

with a blue and white

owl, the eyes of the owl

nation to VA-122 the

approval for a new

insignia. The new insignia

was approved by CNO

on 22 April 1960. The col-

ors of the eagle and book

insignia were: a blue

background for the

insignia and scroll, out-

Following the redesig-

requested

were gold.

squadron

The squadron's second insignia bighlights its mission as a fleet replacement training squadron.

Chronology of Significant Events

May 1950: The squadron was established with a mission of all-weather attack and ASW. The squadron trained detachments for carrier deployments and also participated in various exercises held on the west coast.

9 Nov 1950-9 Jun 1951: VC-35 Det 3 was the squadron's first detachment to deploy. It deployed to Korea and flew ASW patrols, night heckler missions, and other combat sorties. These became the standard

missions for the squadron detachments that deployed to Korea.

29 Jun 1959: The squadron's mission was changed from all-weather attack to fleet replacement training. It was responsible for instrument flight training for fleet prop pilots, including ground school; enlisted ground training for Skyraider maintenance personnel; and the training of fleet replacement pilots for the AD-6/7 Skyraider.

Jun-Aug 1960: The squadron trained eight officers from the South Vietnamese Air Force in the operation of the AD Skyraider.

Nov 1966: With the acceptance of the A-7A Corsair II, the squadron took on the additional mission of fleet replacement training in this new aircraft.

1967: VA-147 was the first squadron to be trained in the A-7 by VA-122.

Dec 1969: The squadron joined with VA-125 to inaugurate a graduate level Light Attack Weapons School which involved three intensive weeks of classroom and flight syllabus training covering all phases of attack aviation.

15 Oct 1973: VA-122's Weapons Training Center, which conducted the Light Attack Weapons School, became a separate command and was designated Light Attack Weapons School, Pacific.

30 Jun 1988: With the disestablishment of VA-174 the east coast Fleet Readiness Squadron for the A-7, VA-122 assumed the responsibility for A-7 training on both coasts.

May 1991: Prior to VA-122's disestablishment, it had trained and graduated over 5,000 light attack pilots and over 55,000 highly skilled maintenance personnel during its career as a fleet replacement training squadron.

Home Port Assignments

| | Location Assignment Date |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| NAS San Diego/North Island* | 25 May 1950 |
| NAS Moffett Field | 01 Jul 1961 |
| NAS Lemoore | 01 Jan 1963 |
| | |

* NAS San Diego was redesignated NAS North Island in 1955.



Commanding Officers

| | Date Assumed Command | | Date Assumed Command |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| CDR Charles R. Stapler | 25 May 1950 | CDR Russell C. York | 17 Dec 1986 |
| CDR David A. Marks | 19 May 1951 | CDR George Crim | 15 Mar 1988 |
| CDR William L. Conley (acting) | 25 Aug 1951 | CAPT Jeffery Harrison | 14 Jul 1989 |
| CDR David A. Marks | 29 Nov 1951 | | |
| CDR Louis E. Burke, Jr. | 31 Jul 1952 | Aircraft As | signment |
| CDR Frank G. Edwards (acting) | 31 Oct 1952 | AllClart As | signment |
| CDR Louis E. Burke, Jr. | 25 Nov 1952 | <i>Type of Aircraft</i> | Date Type First Received |
| CDR John H. Pennoyer | Apr 1953 | AD-4N | Jun 1950 |
| CDR Guiseppi Macri | 16 Sep 1955 | AD-3Q | Jun 1950 |
| CDR Donald B. Ingerslew | Jan 1956 | AD-4Q | Jul 1950 |
| CAPT Edward V. Wedell | 09 Aug 1957 | AD-2Q | Jul 1950 |
| CAPT L. E. Harris | 29 Jul 1959 | AD-3 | Jul 1950 |
| CDR P. E. Payne | 26 Jul 1960 | TBM-3E/N | Jul 1950 |
| CDR J. A. Davenport | 23 Jun 1961 | AD-1Q | Aug 1950 |
| CDR John E. Ford | 19 Oct 1962 | AD-3N | Dec 1950 |
| CDR Joseph L. Coleman | 08 Nov 1963 | AD-4NL | Aug 1951 |
| CDR M. C. Pinkepank | 10 Aug 1964 | AD-4N | Jan 1952 |
| CDR Hugh A. Hoy | 06 Oct 1965 | AD-4B | Feb 1952 |
| CDR Melvin D. Blixt | 11 Oct 1966 | F3D-2 | Feb 1953 |
| CDR Carl Birdwell, Jr. | Jul 1967 | AD-5N | Mar 1954 |
| CDR Melvin M. Quaid, Jr. | 23 Aug 1968 | AD-5/A-1E* | May 1954 |
| CDR Walter S. Gray III | 29 Aug 1969 | AD-6/A-1H* | May 1954 |
| CDR John L. Nicholson, Jr. | 07 Aug 1970 | S2F-1 | Oct 1956 |
| CDR Jesse R. Emerson III | 10 Aug 1971 | TF-1Q | 18 Jan 1957 |
| CDR Cecil B. Hawkins, Jr. | 08 Aug 1972 | AD-5Q | 20 Nov 1957 |
| CAPT Robert N. Livingston | 30 Nov 1973 | AD-7/A-1J* | 05 Dec 1958 |
| CDR Richard L. Grant | 07 Feb 1975 | T-28B | 01 Mar 1959 |
| CDR Kenneth A. Dickerson | 16 Apr 1976 | A-7A | 15 Nov 1966 |
| CDR Meredith W. Patrick | 19 Aug 1977 | A-7B | May 1968 |
| CDR John A. Moriarty | 06 Dec 1978 | A-7E | 14 Jul 1969 |
| CDR Lawrence H. Price | 20 May 1980 | A-7C | Jul 1971 |
| CDR Howard E. Koss | 09 Sep 1981 | T-39D | 1971 |
| CDR John E. Vomastic | 05 Apr 1983 | T-28C | 1973 |
| CDR William S. Orr, Jr. | 01 Jun 1984 | TA-7C | 1978 |
| CDR Thomas R. Mitchell III | 11 Sep 1985 | * AD-5/6/7 designations were chan | ged to A-1E/H/J in 1962. |

Major Overseas Deployments

| Date of Departure | Date of Return | Air Wing | Carrier | Det* | Type of Aircraft | Area of Operation |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------|------|--|----------------------|
| 09 Nov 1950 | 09 Jun 1951 | CVG-19 | CV 37 | 3 | AD-4N | Korea |
| 06 Dec 1950 | 09 Jun 1951 | CVG-2 | † | 4 | AD-4N | Korea |
| 02 Mar 1951 | 24 Oct 1951 | CVG-101 | CV 21 | 5/A | AD-2/4N & 4Q | Korea |
| 10 May 1951 | 17 Dec 1951 | CVG-102 | CV 31 | 6/G | AD-3/4N | Korea |
| May 1951 | 29 Aug 1951 | CVG-19X | ‡ | 7 | AD-4N | Korea |
| 26 Jun 1951 | 25 Mar 1952 | CVG-5 | CV 9 | 8/B | AD-2, AD-3, N/Q, AD-4, L/Q & AD-4NL | Korea |
| 08 Sep 1951 | 02 May 1952 | CVG-15 | CV 36 | 9/D | AD-4NL/4Q | Korea |
| 15 Oct 1951 | 03 Jul 1952 | ATG-1 | CV 45 | 10/H | AD-4NL & AD-2Q | Korea |
| 31 Dec 1951 | 08 Aug 1952 | CVG-11 | CV 47 | C | AD-4NL/Q & 2Q | Korea |

Commanding Officers—Continued

| | Date Assumed Command |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| CDR Russell C. York | 17 Dec 1986 |
| CDR George Crim | 15 Mar 1988 |
| CAPT Jeffery Harrison | 14 Jul 1989 |

Date of Date of Air Type of Area of Departure Return Wing Carrier Det* Aircraft Operation AD-4N/2Q/3N/4NL 08 Feb 1952 25 Sep 1952 CVG-2 CV 21 Korea А 21 Mar 1952 03 Nov 1952 CVG-19 CV 37 Е AD-4NL/4Q & 3Q Korea Ι 16 Jun 1952 06 Feb 1953 ATG-2 CVA 9 AD-4N Korea/WestPac 16 Jun 1952 Sep 1953 8 6 W AD-4B/NL/N WestPac F 11 Aug 1952 17 Mar 1953 CVG-101 **CVA 33** AD-4N/NL Korea CVG-102 15 Sep 1952 18 May 1953 CVA 34 G AD-4N Korea В 20 Nov 1952 25 Jun 1953 CVG-5 CVA 45 AD-4N Korea 15 Dec 1952 14 Aug 1953 CVG-9 CVA 47 М AD-4N Korea CVA 37 24 Jan 1953 21 Sep 1953 CVG-15 D AD-4N Korea/WestPac 30 Mar 1953 28 Nov 1953 ATG-1 CVA 21 Η AD-4N Korea/WestPac С Korea/WestPac 01 Jul 1953 18 Jan 1954 CVG-11 **CVA 33** AD-4N CVG-2 CVA 10 А AD-4N WestPac 03 Aug 1953 03 Mar 1954 22 Apr 1954 CVG-19 CVA 34 Е AD-4N WestPac 14 Sep 1953 01 Dec 1953 12 Jul 1954 ATG-2 CVA 9 Ι AD-4N WestPac 03 Mar 1954 11 Oct 1954 CVG-12 **CVA 21** G AD-4NL WestPac CVG-5 CVA 47 В AD-4NL WestPac 12 Mar 1954 19 Nov 1954 11 May 1954 12 Dec 1954 CVG-9 CVA 12 М AD-4N World Cruise 01 Jul 1954 28 Feb 1955 CVG-15 **CVA** 10 D AD-4N WestPac 01 Sep 1954 11 Apr 1955 ATG-1 **CVA 18** Η AD-4N WestPac С 07 Oct 1954 12 May 1955 CVG-11 **CVA 33** AD-5N WestPac 03 Nov 1954 21 Jun 1955 CVG-2 CVA 9 А AD-5N WestPac Е CVG-19 CVA 34 AD-5N WestPac 02 Mar 1955 21 Sep 1955 01 Apr 1955 23 Nov 1955 ATG-2 CVA 47 Ι AD-5N WestPac F 03 Jun 1955 03 Feb 1956 CVG-14 CVA 21 AD-5N WestPac CVG-12 CVA 19 G WestPac 10 Aug 1955 15 Mar 1956 AD-5N 29 Oct 1955 17 May 1956 CVG-5 **CVA 33** В WestPac AD-5N 05 Jan 1956 23 Jun 1956 ATG-3 **CVA 38** J WestPac AD-5N 11 Feb 1956 CVG-9 CVA 34 WestPac 13 Jun 1956 М AD-5N 19 Mar 1956 13 Sep 1956 ATG-4 **CVA** 10 Κ AD-5N WestPac 23 Apr 1956 15 Oct 1956 CVG-15 **CVA** 18 D WestPac AD-5N 28 May 1956 20 Dec 1956 ATG-1 CVA 16 Η AD-5N WestPac 16 Jul 1956 26 Jan 1957 CVG-11 CVA 9 С AD-5N WestPac L WestPac 16 Aug 1956 28 Feb 1957 CVG-21 **CVA 31** AD-5N 13 Nov 1956 20 May 1957 CVG-2 **CVA 38** Α AD-5N WestPac F 21 Jan 1957 25 Jul 1957 CVG-14 CVA 12 AD-5N WestPac 09 Mar 1957 25 Aug 1957 **CVG-19 CVA** 10 Ε AD-5N WestPac Ι WestPac 06 Apr 1967 18 Sep 1957 ATG-2 **CVA 19** AD-5N G 19 Apr 1957 17 Oct 1957 CVG-12 CVA 16 AD-5N WestPac 10 Jul 1957 11 Dec 1957 CVG-5 CVA 31 В WestPac AD-5N 09 Aug 1957 02 Apr 1958 ATG-3 **CVA 33** J AD-5N WestPac CVG-9 **CVA** 14 WestPac 16 Sep 1957 25 Apr 1958 Μ AD-5N 30 Jun 1958 **CVA** 12 Κ WestPac 06 Jan 1958 ATG-4 AD-5N CVA 19 D WestPac 15 Feb 1958 02 Oct 1958 CVG-15 AD-5N 08 Mar 1958 21 Nov 1958 CVG-11 **CVA 38** С AD-5N WestPac 19 Dec 1958 CVG-21 CVA 16 L WestPac 14 Jul 1958 AD-5N 16 Aug 1958 12 Mar 1959 CVG-2 CVA 41 Α AD-5N WestPac 21 Aug 1958 12 Jan 1959 ATG-4 CVA 20 Κ AD-5N WestPac 04 Oct 1958 17 Feb 1959 ATG-1 **CVA** 14 Η AD-5N WestPac

01 Nov 1958

18 Jun 1959

CVG-19

CVA 31

Ε

AD-5N

WestPac

Major Overseas Deployments—Continued

| | | • | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|-----------|
| Date of | Date of | Air | | | Type of | Area of |
| Departure | Return | Wing | Carrier | Det^* | Aircraft | Operation |
| 03 Jan 1959 | 27 Jul 1959 | CVG-14 | CVA 61 | F | AD-5N | WestPac |
| 09 Mar 1959 | 02 Oct 1959 | CVG-11 | CVA 38 | С | AD-5N | WestPac |
| 26 Apr 1959 | 02 Dec 1959 | CVG-21 | CVA 16 | L** | AD-5N | WestPac |

Major Overseas Deployments—Continued

* The squadron only deployed in detachments, usually four aircraft, and never as a complete squadron. In October 1951 the squadron's detachment designations were changed from numbers to letters.

† Detachment 4 deployed to Korea embarked in *Valley Forge* (CV 45) and on 29 March 1951, as part of CVG-2, transferred to *Philippine Sea* (CV 47). It returned to the States embarked in *Philippine Sea*.

‡ The detachment was sent to Japan, via air and ship transport, as part of Replacement Air Group 19X (CVG-19X). When it arrived in Japan it relieved CVG-19 in *Princeton* (CV 37). Upon completion of its combat tour in Korea it returned to the States embarked in *Princeton*.

§ VC-35 Det W deployed to NAS Atsugi, Japan. The detachment departed for NAS Atsugi embarked in *Essex* (CV 9) and arrived there in the latter part of July 1952. While deployed to Japan, VC-35 Det W was under the operational control of COMFAIRJAPAN (Commander Fleet Air, Japan).

** VA(AW)-35 Det L was the squadron's last detachment to deploy prior to the squadron's change of mission to training fleet replacement pilots and enlisted men and the phase out of its all-weather attack mission.



A squadron TF-1, circa 1957 (Courtesy Duane Kasulka Collection).

Air Wing Assignments

| Air Wing | Tail Code | Assignment Date |
|------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| COMAIRPAC | NR*/VV† | |
| RCVG-12/RCVW-12‡ | NJ | 29 Jun 1959 |
| COMFAIRLEMOORE | NJ§ | 01 Jul 1970 |
| COMLATWINGPAC** | NJ | 30 Jun 1973 |

* The tail code NR was assigned to VC-35 by Aviation Circular Letter No. 43-50 dated 19 July 1950.

[†] The tail code was changed from NR to VV in 1957. The effective date for this change was most likely the beginning of FY 58 (1 July 1957).

‡ Replacement Air Group 12 (RCVG-12) was redesignated Combat Readiness Air Group 12 (RCVG-12) on 1 April 1963. Combat Readiness Air Group 12 was then redesignated Combat Readiness Air Wing 12 (RCVW-12) on 20 December 1963.

§ RCVW-12 was disestablished on 1 July 1970 and the squadron was assigned to Commander Fleet Air Lemoore. However, the tail code NJ, which had been assigned to RCVW-12, was retained by VA-122 and the other squadrons that had been assigned to RCVW-12.

** COMFAIRLEMOORE was redesignated COMLATWINGPAC (Commander Light Attack Wing, Pacific) on 30 June 1973.

Unit Awards Received

| Unit Award | Inclusive Dates | Covering Unit Award |
|------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| MUC | 01 Jul 1970 | 31 Jul 1971 |
| | 01 Oct 1978 | 30 Sep 1980 |



A formation of the squadron's A-7E Corsair II aircraft over the Sierras.