

fter a four-month turnaround, Carrier Air Wing 5 again joined the *Kitty Hawk* (CV 63) team in early February, deploying to the Western Pacific for its spring patrol. The short 7-week deployment enabled the air wing to "shake off the dust" around the boat, satisfying their training and readiness requirements while minimizing time away from loved ones at home at NAF Atsugi, Japan.

With the VS-21 Redtails having been deactivated and the S-3B Viking no longer part of the air wing, validating a Super Hornet-only tanker plan became the major objective during the first few days of training in the warning areas southeast of Japan. The Royal Maces of Strike Fighter Squadron (VFA) 27 and the VFA-102 Diamondbacks quickly squelched any concern about Rhino-only tanking during some bad weather days at the beginning of deployment. Tanking above 20,000 feet, in the only clear air, was not an unusual occurrence while operating in the warning area in February.

Following a few days of cyclic operations to the north, Team Badman proceeded south to the Okinawa operations area for strike training and an air wing MISSILEX. Okino Daito Jima, affectionately known as "The Rock," allowed aircrew and maintainers to sharpen their skills in live weapons training. As the only live weapons range used by U.S. forces in Japan, The Rock allows the air wing to test its end-to-end weapons capability.

Upon arriving in the warning areas east of Okinawa, Badman focused on using their air-non-combat expenditure allowance of air-to-air weapons. Lts. Donald Ricketts and Christopher Harris of VFA-102 expertly devised the scenarios and oversaw the execution of the exercise. Expending 8 AIM-9 Sidewinders, 5 AIM-7 Sparrows, and 3 AIM-120 AMRAAMS, the air wing was able to validate the latest air-to-air tactics.

Following the MISSLEX, the Gauntlets of Electronic Attack Squadron (VAQ) 136 led a high-speed antiradiation missile (HARM) shoot. Lt. David

